UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENTS ANNA UNIVERSITY CHENNAI : : CHENNAI 600 025 REGULATIONS - 2009 CURRICULUM I TO IV SEMESTERS (FULL TIME) M.TECH. NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

SEMESTER I

| SL. | COURSE | COURSE TITLE | L | Т | Ρ | С |
|-----|--------|---------------------------------------------|----|---|---|----|
| NO | CODE | | | | | |
| THE | ORY | | | | | |
| 1. | MA9215 | Mathematical Modeling and Simulation | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | NT9111 | Quantum Mechanics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | NT9112 | Physical Chemistry | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4. | NT9113 | Physics and Chemistry of Materials | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 5. | NT9114 | Synthesis and Applications of Nanomaterials | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 6. | NT9115 | Biological Systems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| PRA | CTICAL | | | | | |
| 7. | NT9117 | Computation Laboratory and Simulation | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| 8. | NT9118 | Material Synthesis and Experiments | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| | | TOTAL CREDIT | 18 | 0 | 8 | 23 |

SEMESTER II

| SL. | COURSE | COURSE TITLE | L | Т | Ρ | С |
|-----------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----|---|---|----|
| NO | CODE | | | | | |
| THE | ORY | | | | | |
| 1. | NT9121 | Photonics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | NT9122 | Mechanical processing and properties of Nanostructure Materials | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | NT9123 | Physicochemical methods for characterization of Nanomaterials | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4. | NT9124 | Imaging techniques for Nanotechnology | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 5. | NT9125 | Nanotechnology in Health Care | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 6. | NT9126 | Product Design, Management Techniques and Entrepreneurship | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| PRACTICAL | | | | | | |
| 7. | NT9128 | Nanometrology and Microscopy | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| | | TOTAL CREDIT | 18 | 0 | 4 | 20 |

SEMESTER III

| SL. NO | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | L | Т | Ρ | С |
|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| THE | THEORY | | | | | |
| 1. | NT9131 | Lithography and Nanofabrication | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

| 2. | E1 | Elective-I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
|-----|-----------|-------------------|----|---|---|----|
| 3. | E2 | Elective-II | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4. | E3 | Elective-III | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| PR/ | PRACTICAL | | | | | |
| 5. | NT9135 | Project Phase - I | 0 | 0 | 8 | 6 |
| | | TOTAL CREDIT | 12 | 0 | 8 | 18 |

SEMESTER IV

| SL. NO | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | | Τ | Ρ | С |
|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|----|----|
| PR/ | PRACTICAL | | | | | |
| 1. | NT9141 | Project Phase – II & Viva | 0 | 0 | 16 | 12 |
| | TOTAL CREDIT 12 0 16 12 | | | | | 12 |

ELECTIVE PAPERS – Nanoscience and Technology – Materials Stream

| SL. NO | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | L | Τ | Ρ | С |
|-----------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | NT9151 | Top down manufacturing methods | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | NT9152 | Bottom up synthesis of Nanostructures | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | NT9153 | Nanoelectronics and Sensors | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4. | NT9154 | Semiconductor Nanostructures & Nano-particles | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 5. | NT9155 | Nanotechnology for Energy systems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 6. | NT9156 | Molecular Electronics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

ELECTIVE PAPERS – Nanoscience and Technology – Biology Stream

| SL. NO | COURSE CODE | COURSE TITLE | L | Т | Ρ | С |
|-----------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | NT9161 | Nanoparticles and Microorganisms, Bionanocomposites | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 2. | NT9162 | Optical Properties of Nanomaterials, Nanophotonics and Plasmonics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 3. | NT9163 | MEMS and Bio MEMS | З | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 4. | NT9164 | Advanced Drug Delivery Systems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 5. | NT9165 | Biomolecular machines | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 6. | NT9166 | Biosensors | З | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 7. | NT9167 | Biophotonics | ა | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 8. | NT9168 | Nanocomposites | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

UNIT I FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF NUMERICAL METHODS

Scientific Modeling - Numerical data and Numerical operations -Numerical Algorithms -Numerical Programs -Numerical Software - Approximations in Mathematical Model building- Numerical integration -Differentiation -Variational finite element methods-Rayleigh's method-Ritz method.

UNIT II MATHEMATICAL MODELING

Mathematical modeling - physical simulation - advantages and limitations - process control - Transport phenomena- concept of physical domain and computational domain assumptions and limitations in numerical solutions - Finite element method and Finite difference method.

UNIT III **DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS & APPLICATIONS**

Euler method, Runge-Kutta method, Multi step-differential equations-boundary values-Elliptic equations-one dimensional parabolic equation-hyperbolic equation- partial differential equations -separation of variables-wave equation-Laplace equation-nonlinear partial differential equations - approximation methods of nonlinear differential equations.

UNIT IV SIMULATION

Basic concepts of simulation- data manipulation, data exchange of the structure, properties and processing of materials-Three dimensional model for capillary nanobridges and capillary forces. Molecular dynamics simulation.

UNIT V MONTE CARLO METHODS

Basics of the Monte Carlo method-Algorithms for Monte Carlo simulation-Applications to systems of classical particles-modified Monte Carlo techniques-percolation systemvariation Monte Carlo method-diffusion Monte Carlo method - Quantum Monte Carlo method.

REFERENCES

- 1. S.C. Chapra and R.P.Canale, "Numerical methods for Engineers", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Erwin Kreyzig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
- 3. R.J. Schilling and S.L. Harris, "Applied Numerical Methods for Engineers using MATLAB and C", Thomson publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 4. D. Frenkel and B. Smith, "Understanding molecular simulation from algorithm to applications", Kluwar Academic Press, 1999.
- 5. K. Ohno, K. Esfarjani and Y. Kawazoe, "Introduction to Computational Materials Science from ab initio to Monte Carlo Methods", Springer-Verlag, 1999.

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

QUANTUM MECHANICS NT9111

INTRODUCTION UNIT I

Wave-particle duality, Schrödinger equation and expectation values, Uncertainty principle

UNIT II **BASICS OF QUANTUM MECHANICS**

Solutions of the one-dimensional Schrödinger equation for free particle, particle in a box, particle in a finite well, linear harmonic oscillator. Reflection and transmission by a potential step and by a rectangular barrier.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF TIME INDEPENDENT SCHRÖDINGER EQUATION 9

Particle in a three dimensional box, linear harmonic oscillator and its solution, density of states, free electron theory of metals. The angular meomentum problem. The spin half problem and properties of Pauli spin matrices.

APPROXIMATE METHODS UNIT IV

Time independent and time dependent perturbation theory for non-degenerate and degenerate energy levels, the variational method, WKB approximation, adiabatic approximation, sudden approximation

UNIT V **QUANTUM COMPUTATION**

Concept of quantum computation, Quntum Qbits etc.

TEXT BOOKS AND REFERENCES

- 1. Modern Physics Beiser
- 2. Quantum Mechanics Bransden and Joachen
- 3. Quantum Physics of Atoms, Molecules, Solids, Nuclei, and Particles, 2nd Edition by Eisberg, Robert; Resnick, Robert
- 4. Quantum Physics A. Ghatak
- 5. Principles of Quantum Mechanics 2nd ed. R. Shankar
- 6. Quantum Mechanics Vol 1&2 Cohen-Tannoudji

NT9112

INTRODUCTION TO THERMODYNAMICS UNIT I

The first and second laws of thermodynamics. Thermodynamic functions, heat capacity, enthalpy, entropy. Equilibrium in one phase system, real gasses, the reactions between gases, reactions of solid-state phases, Phase rule, Phase diagram, reaction kinetics, rate egations.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT II **ELEMENTARY STATISTICAL MECHANICS**

Microstates and entropy and its statistical definition, Entropy of mixing, Gibb's free energy, Gibb's paradox, phase space density, ergodic hypothesis, Liouville's theorem, The microcanonical-, canonical- and grand canonical- ensemble and their connections, Fluctuations. Classical Statistical systems, Boltzman statistics and quantum statistical systems, Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein Statistics and their applications.

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UNIT III THEORY OF SOLUTION AND RELATED TOPICS

The theory of solutions, Free energy as a function of composition. Methods for calculation of thermodynamic equilibrium. Electrochemical processes.

UNIT IV DIFFUSION

Fick's Law, mechanisms of diffusion; generation of point defects; self-diffusion; the influence of the pressure and pressure gradient; Kirkendall effect; fast diffusion; influence of isotropic state; experimental methods of investigation of diffusion.

UNIT V PHASETRANSFORMATIONS

Mechanisms of phase transformation; homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation; spinodal decomposition; grain growth; precipitation in solid solution; transformation with constant composition; order-disorder transformations; Martensitic transformation.

REFERENCES

- 1. Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics A N Tikhonov, Peter T Landberg, Peter Theodore Landsberg
- 2. Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics by John M. Seddon, J. D. Gale
- 3. Thermodynamics by Zymansky
- 4. Statistical Physics by K. Huang
- 5. Statistical Mechanics-Landau & Lifshitz
- 6. Physical Chemistry Atkins Peter, Paula Julio
- 7. Physical Chemistry, 1st Edition -Ball

NT9113 PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY OF MATERIALS L T P C

UNIT I PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Melting point and phase transition processes- quantum-size-effect (QSE). Size-induced metal-insulator-transition (SIMIT)- nano-scale magnets, transparent magnetic materials, and ultrahigh-density magnetic recording materials-chemical physics of atomic and molecular clusters.

UNIT II PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY OF SOLID SURFACES

Surface energy – chemical potential as a function of surface curvature-Electrostatic stabilization- surface charge density-electric potential at the proximity of solid surface-Van der Waals attraction potential.

UNIT III CHEMISTRY ASPECTS

Photochemistry; Photoconductivity; Electrochemistry of Nanomaterials-Diffusion in Nanomaterials; Nanoscale Heat Transfer; Catalysis by gGold Nanoparticles; Transport in Semiconductor Nanostructures; Transition Metal Atoms on Nanocarbon Surfaces; Nanodeposition of Soft Materials; Nanocatalysis.

UNIT IV NANOSTRUCTURES

Electronic Structure of Nanoparticles- Kinetics in Nanostructured Materials- Zero dimensional, one-dimensional and two dimensional nanostructures- clusters of metals and semiconductors, nanowires, nanostructured beams, and nanocomposites-artificial

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atomic clusters-Size dependent properties-size dependent absorption spectra-phonons in nanostructures.

UNIT V NANOSYSTEMS

Nanoparticles through homogeneous nucleation-Growth controlled by diffusion-growth controlled by surface process-influences of reduction reagents-solid state phase segregation-kinetically confined synthesis of nanoparticles-template based synthesis.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. K.W. Kolasinski, "Surface Science: Foundations of Catalysis and Nanoscience", Wiley, 2002.
- 2. Joel I. Gersten, "The Physics and Chemistry of Materials", Wiley, 2001.
- 3. A. S. Edelstein and R. C. Cammarata, "Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications", Institute of Physics Pub., 1998.
- 4. S.Yang and P.Shen: "Physics and Chemistry of Nanostructured Materials", Taylor & Francis, 2000.
- 5. G.A. Ozin and A.C. Arsenault, "Nanochemistry : A chemical approach to nanomaterials", Royal Society of Chemistry, 2005.

NT9114 SYNTHESIS AND APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS L T P C 3 0 0 3

UNIT I BULK SYNTHESIS

Synthesis of bulk nano-structured materials –sol gel processing –Mechanical alloying and mechanical milling- Inert gas condensation technique – Nanopolymers – Bulk and nano composite materials.

UNIT II CHEMICAL APPROACHES

Self-assembly, self-assembled monolayers (SAMs). Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) films, clusters, colloids, zeolites, organic block copolymers, emulsion polymerization, templated synthesis, and confined nucleation and/or growth. Biomimetic Approaches: polymer matrix isolation, and surface-templated nucleation and/or crystallization. Electrochemical Approaches: anodic oxidation of alumina films, porous silicon, and pulsed electrochemical deposition.

UNIT III PHYSICAL APPROACHES

Vapor deposition and different types of epitaxial growth techniques- pulsed laser deposition, Magnetron sputtering - Micro lithography (photolithography, soft lithography, micromachining, e-beam writing, and scanning probe patterning).

UNIT IV NANOPOROUS MATERIALS

Nanoporous Materials – Silicon - Zeolites, mesoporous materials - nanomembranes and carbon nanotubes - AgX photography, smart sunglasses, and transparent conducting oxides –molecular sieves – nanosponges.

UNIT V APPLICATION OF NANOMATERIALS

Molecular Electronics and Nanoelectronics – Nanobots- Biological Applications – Quantum Devices – Nanomechanics - Carbon Nanotube – Photonics- Nano structures as single electron transistor –principle and design.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

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REFERENCES

- 1. S.P. Gaponenko, Optical Properties of semiconductor nanocrystals, Cambridge University Press, 1980.
- 2. W.Gaddand, D.Brenner, S.Lysherski and G.J.Infrate(Eds.), Handbook of NanoScience, Engg. and Technology, CRC Press, 2002.
- 3. K. Barriham, D.D. Vvedensky, Low dimensional semiconductor structures: fundamental and device applications, Cambridge University Press, 2001.
- 4. G. Cao, Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications, Imperial College Press, 2004.
- 5. J.George, Preparation of Thin Films, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York. 2005.

NT9115 BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DNA STRUCTURE

DNA double helix, genome structure and organization in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Central dogma DNA is a genetic material-Experiments, DNA replication-Mechanism of replication, different types in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Enzymes involved and its details, Mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, splicing and transcriptional factors, transcriptional inhibitors, mechanism of translation, translational factors, Prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation machinery, Co and post translational modifications.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO AMINO ACIDS AND PROTEINS

Physical and chemical properties of amino acids, different types of protein, Proteins of pharmaceutical importance, role of covalent and non covalent interactions important to protein structure and functions.

UNIT III PROTEIN STRUCTURE

Primary, secondary, super secondary, tertiary, quaternary structures and the methods to determine, including prediction methods and utilization of genomic databases.

UNIT IV LIPIDS AND CARBOHYDRATES

Structure - function - biosynthesis - Metabolism.

UNIT V CELL STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF ORGANELLES

Eukaryotic and Prokaryotic cells, Principle of membrane organization, cytoskeletal proteins, types of cell division, mitosis and meiosis, cell cycle and molecules that control cell cycle, structural organization and multiplication of bacteria, viruses, algae and fungi.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. R. Cantor, P.R.Samuel, "Biophysical Chemistry", W.H., Freeman & Co., 1985.
- 2. Watson, James, T.Baker, S.Bell, A.Gann, M.Levine, and R.Losick. "Molecular Biology of the Gene", 5th ed., San Francisco: Addison-Wesley, 2000.
- 3. Alberts, Bruce, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts, and Peter Walter. Molecular Biology of the Cell. 4th ed. New York: Garland Science, 2002.
- 4. Branden, Carl-Ivar, and John Tooze. Introduction to Protein Structure. 2nd ed. New York: Garland Pub., 1991.
- 5. Creighton, E, Thomas, "Proteins: Structures and Molecular Properties", 2nd Ed. New York: W.H. Freeman, 1992.
- 6. B.Lewin, "Genes IX", International Edition. Sudbury: Jones & Bartlett, 2007.

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NT9117 EXPERIMENTS FOR PRACTICAL - I- COMPUTATION LABORATORY AND SIMULATION L T P C 0 0 4 2

- 1. MATLAB programme to plot the first four eigenfunctions of a one dimensional rectangular potential well with infinite potential barrier.
- 2. Numerical solution of the Schrodinger wave equation for a rectangular potential well with infinite potential barrier using MATLAB programme.
- 3. Toy model in molecular electronics: IV characteristics of a single level molecule
- 4. To determine the lattice constant and lattice angles for atomically resolved STM image of HOPG (Highly Oriented Pyrolytic Graphite using offline Scanning Probe Imaging Processor (SPIP) Software.
- 5. To determine the surface roughness of raw and processed AFM images of glass, silicon and films made by different methods using offline SPIP software.
- 6. Simulation of I-V Characteristics for a single Junction circuit with a single quantum Dot using MOSES 1.2 Simulator.
- 7. Study of Single Electron Transistor using MOSES1.2 Simulator.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

NT9118 EXPERIMENTS FOR PRACTICAL - II MATERIAL SYNTHESIS AND EXPERIMENTS

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- 1. Chemical synthesis of Ag nanoparticles; UV-Visible absorption of the colloidal sol; Mie formalism; Estimation of size by curve fitting
- 2. Chemical synthesis of CdS nanoparticles; Optical absorption spectra; Band gap estimation from the band edge
- 3. Aqueous to organic phase transfer of Ag and CdS nanoparticles; Confirmation by UV- Visible absorption
- 4. Synthesis of Au and Ag nanoparticles at aqueous-organic liquid interface; UVvisible spectroscopy of the colloidal film; comparison with the corresponding colloidal sol.
- 5. Sol gel synthesis of ZnO nanoparticles
- 6. Micellar route to Pt nanoparticles
- 7. A bioroute to Au nanoparticles
- 8. Room temperature B-H loops for \Box -Fe₂O₃ nanoparticals of different sizes (5-50 nm).

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

NT9121 PHOTONICS

UNIT I QUANTUM CONFINED MATERIALS

Quantum dots – optical transitions – absorption-inter-band transitions-quantum confinement intraband transitions-fluorescence/ luminescence–photoluminescence /fluorescence optically excited emission – electroluminescence emission .

UNIT II PLASMONICS

Internal reflection and evanescent waves- plasmons and surface plasmon resonance (SPR)- Attenuated total reflection- Grating SPR coupling- Optical waveguide SPR coupling- SPR dependencies and materials- plasmonics and nanoparticles.

UNIT III NEW APPROACHES IN NANOPHOTONICS

Near-Field Optics- Aperture near-field optics- Apertureless near-field optics- Near-field scanning optical microscopy (NSOM or SNOM)- SNOM based detection of plasmonic energy transport- SNOM based visualization of waveguide structures- SNOM in nanolithography- SNOM based optical data storage and recovery.

UNIT IV BIOPHOTONICS

Interaction of light with cells- tissues- nonlinear optical processes with intense laser beams- photoinduced effects in biological systems-generation of optical forces-optical trapping and manipulation of single molecules and cells in optical confinement-laser trapping and dissection for biological systems-single molecule biophysics- DNA protein interactions.

UNIT V PHOTONIC CRYSTALS

Important features of photonic crystals- Presence of photonic bandgap- Anomalous Group Velocity Dispersion- Microcavity-Effects in Photonic Crystals- Fabrication of photonic crystals- Dielectric mirrors and interference filters- Photonic Crystal Laser- PC based LEDs- Photonic crystal fibers (PCFs)- Photonic crystal sensing.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. H.Masuhara, S.Kawata and F.Tokunaga, Nano Biophotonics, Elsevier Science, 2007.
- 2. V.M. Shalaev and S.Kawata, Nanophotonics with Surface Plasmons (Advances in Nano-Optics and Nano-Photonics), 2007.
- 3. B.E.A. Saleh and A.C.Teich, Fundamentals of Photonics, John-Weiley & Sons, New York, 1993.
- 4. M.Ohtsu, K.Kobayashi, T.Kawazoe, and T.Yatsui, Principles of Nanophotonics (Optics and Optoelectronics), University of Tokyo, Japan, 2003.
- 5. P.N. Prasad, Introduction to Biophotonics, John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
- 6. J.D.Joannopoulos, R.D.Meade and J.N.Winn, Photonic Crystals, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1995.

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NT9122 MECHANICAL PROCESSING AND PROPERTIES OF NANOSTRUCTURED MATERIALS

UNIT I PROCESSING OF METALS AND ALLOYS

Understanding the following processes from the viewpoints of mechanics and processes: rolling, forging, extrusion, wire drawing, sheet metal forming.

UNIT II PROCESSING OF POLYMERS

Special techniques like injection moulding, thermoforming, vacuum and pressure assisted forming.

UNIT III PROCESSING OF POWDERS OF METALS AND CERAMICS

Selection and characterization of powders, compacting and sintering; mechanical working. Production of Porous and Dense Composite Components: Metal- polymer- and ceramic- based composites.

UNIT IV PROCESSING OF STRUCTURAL AND FUNCTIONAL 10 NANOCRYSTALLINE MATERIALS

Properties required of nanocrystalline materials used for structural, hydrogen storage, magnetic and catalytic applications; processing techniques; techniques for retaining the nanocrystalline structure in service.

UNIT V MICROSTRUCTURE AND PROPERTIES:

Properties slightly dependent on temperature and grain size; properties strongly dependent on temperature and grain size; strengthening mechanisms; enhancement of available plasticity; grain size evolution and grain size control; Hall-Petch relation, microstructure – dislocation interactions at low and high temperatures; effects of diffusion on strength and flow of materials; methods of enhancing or retarding diffusion; grain boundary sliding and grain boundary migration; current limitations on approaches based on dislocation theory; possibilities for predictive design.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. A. H. Cottrell "The Mechanical Properties of Matter", John Wiley, New York- London, 1964.
- 2. P. Haasen, "Physical Metallurgy", Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK, 1978.
- 3. G. E. Dieter, adapted by D Bacon, "Mechanical Metallurgy", SI Metric edition, MaGraw-Hill, Singapore, 1988.
- 4. K. A. Padmanabhan, "Mechanical Properties of Nanostructured Materials", Materials Science and Engineering, A 304-306 (2001) 200-205.
- 5. C. C. Koch, "Nanostructured Materials: Processing, Properties and Applications", 2nd Edition, Ed.: 2007.

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NT9123PHYSICOCHEMICAL METHODS FORL T P CCHARACTERIZATION OF NANOMATERIALS3 0 0 3

UNIT I X-RAY DIFFRACTION

X-ray powder diffraction – single crystal diffraction techniques - Determination of accurate lattice parameters - structure analysis - profile analysis - particle size analysis using Scherer formula.

UNIT II THERMAL ANALYSIS METHODS

Principle and Instrumentation of Thermogravimetry; Differential Thermal Analysis and Differential scanning calorimetry-Importance of thermal analysis for nanostructures.

UNIT III QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS

Electron Energy Loss Spectroscopy; High Resolution Imaging Techniques- HREM, Atom probe field ion microscopy-X-Ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy, X-Ray Characterization of Nanomaterials – EDAX and WDA analysis – EPMA – ZAP corrections.

UNIT IV SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES

Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy and Differences-With Atomic Spectroscopy-Infrared (IR) Spectroscopy and Applications- Microwave Spectroscopy- Raman Spectroscopy and CARS Applications-Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy; New Applications of NMR Spectroscopy; Dynamic Nuclear Magnetic Resonance; Double Resonance Technique.

UNIT V NANOINDENTATION

Nanoindentation principles- elastic and plastic deformation -mechanical properties of materials in small dimensions- models for interpretation of nanoindentation load displacement curves-Nanoindentation data analysis methods-Hardness testing of thin films and coatings- MD simulation of nanoindentation.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. B. D.Cullity, "Elements of X-ray Diffraction", 4th Edition, Addison Wiley, 1978.
- 2. M. H.Loretto, "Electron Beam Analysis of Materials", Chapman and Hall, 1984.
- 3. R.M.Rose, L.A.Shepard and J.Wulff, "The Structure and Properties of Materials", Wiley Eastern Ltd,
- 4. B.W.Mott, "Micro-Indentation Hardness Testing", Butterworths, London, 1956.

NT9124 IMAGING TECHNIQUES FOR NANOTECHNOLOGY

UNIT I OPTICAL MICROSCOPY

Optical microscopy- Use of polarized light microscopy – Phase contrast microcopy – Interference Microscopy – hot stage microscopy - surface morphology – Etch pit density and hardness measurements.

UNIT II SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

Basic design of the scanning electron microscopy – Modes of operation– Backscattered electrons – secondary electrons- X-rays – typical forms of contrast– Resolution and contrast – enhancement – Specimen Preparation, Replicas Various-application of SEM.

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UNIT III TRANSMISSION ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

Basic principles - Modes of operation – Specimen preparation – Diffraction in imperfect crystals – Dislocations – precipitates – Structure of Grain boundaries and interfaces-HRTEM use in nanostructures.

UNIT IV ATOMIC FORCE MICROSCOPY

Basic concepts-Interaction force-AFM and the optical lever- Scale drawing- AFM tip on nanometer scale structures- force curves, measurements and manipulations-feed back control-different modes of operation –contact, non contact and tapping mode-Imaging and manipulation of samples in air or liquid environments-Imaging soft samples. Scanning Force Microscopy-Shear force Microscopy-Lateral Force Microscopy-Magnetic Force microscopy.

UNIT V SCANNING TUNNELING MICROSCOPY

Principle- Instrumentation- importance of STM for nanostructures – surface and molecular manipulation using STM -3D map of electronic structure.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. J.Goldstein, D. E. Newbury, D.C. Joy, and C.E. Lym, "Scanning Electron Microscopy and X-ray Microanalysis", 2003.
- 2. S.L. Flegler, J.W. Heckman and K.L. Klomparens, "Scanning and Transmission Electron Microscopy: A Introduction", WH Freeman & Co, 1993.
- 3. P.J.Goodhew, J.Humphreys, R.Beanland, "Electron Microscopy and Analysis",
- 4. R.Haynes, D.P.Woodruff and T.A.Talchar, "Optical Microscopy of Materials", Cambridge University press, 1986.

NT9125 NANOTECHNOLOGY IN HEALTH CARE L T P C

UNIT I NANOTECHNOLOGY IN PHARMACEUTICAL APPLICATIONS 9 Human anatomy – Form function and physiology – Developmental prolog - principle of development – Neurophysiology – sensory physiology and muscle physiology - Trends in nanobiotechnology - Protein- and peptide-based compounds for cancer, diabetes, infectious diseases and organ transplant- therapeutic classes- focused pharmaceutical delivery systems.

UNIT II IMMUNOASSAY TECHNIQUES

Understanding of antibody-based diagnostic techniques (immunoassay) - micro- and nano-immunosensors- Bio-Barcode Assay- use of magnets, gold, DNA and antibodies-therapies and diagnostics for cancer and central nervous system disorders.

UNIT III IMPROVED MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

Improved diagnostic products and techniques- in vivo imaging capabilities by enabling the detection of tumors, plaque, genetic defects and other disease states-ability to control or manipulate on the atomic scale- Nanobot medical devices- logic and intelligence embedded into medical devices- standalone sensing and computing devices.

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PROSTHETIC AND MEDICAL IMPLANTS UNIT IV

New generations of prosthetic and medical implants- artificial organs and implantsartificial scaffolds or biosynthetic coatings- biocompatibility and reduced rejection ratioretinal, cochlear, and neural implants, repair of damaged nerve cells, and replacements of damaged skin, tissue, or bone.

UNIT V METHODS FOR DIAGNOSIS

REFERENCES

Animation of the PCR - DNA Profiling - Cantilever Sensors - Targeted Drug Delivery -Magnetic Nanoparticles - Cancer cell targeting - Stem Cell Scaffolds - Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy (EIS) - Tethered Lipid Membranes.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- 1. Chemical Sensors and Biosensors; Brian, R Eggins; Wiley; New York, Chichester; 2002.
- 2. Biosensors and modern biospecific analytical techniques, Wilson & Wilson's Comprehensive Analytical Chemistry; Ed. L Gorton; Elsevier, Amsterdam, London; 2005.
- 3. The Immunoassay Handbook; Ed. David Wild; 3rd ed.; Amsterdam: Elsevier; 2005.
- 4. Electrochemical Methods: Fundamentals and Applications; Allen J Bard and Larry R Faulkner; Wiley, New York, Chichester : 2nd ed.; 2001.
- 5. Ultrathin Electrochemical Chemo- and Biosensors: Technology and Performance in Springer Series on Chemical Sensors and Biosensors; Volume Two; Ed. Vladimir M. Mirsky; Springer, Berlin; 2004

NT9126 **PRODUCT DESIGN, MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES** AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

UNIT I **PRODUCT DESIGN**

Concept generation- Product Architecture- Industrial Design Process- Management of Industrial design Process and Assessing the quality of Industrial Design - Establishing the product specification

UNIT II PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Criteria for selection of product- Product development process- Design for Manufacture - Estimate the manufacturing cost- Reduce the support cost- Prototyping- Economics of Product development projects - Elements of Economic analysis- financial models -Sensitive analysis and influence of the quantitative factors.

UNIT III MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES

Technology Management - Scientific Management - Development of management Thought-Principles of Management- Functions of management-planning- organization-Directing, Staffing and Controlling- Management by objective- SWOT analysis-Enterprise Resource planning and supply chain management.

ENTREPRENEURIAL COMPETENCE & ENVIRONMENT UNIT IV

Concept of Entrepreneurship- Entrepreneurship as a career- Personality Characteristic a successful Entrepreneur- Knowledge and skill required for an Entrepreneur- Business environment- Entrepreneurship Development Training - Center and State government policies and Regulations - International Business.

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UNIT V MANAGEMENT OF SMALL BUSINESS

Pre feasibility study - Ownership - budgeting - project profile preparation - Feasibility Report preparation - Evaluation Criteria- Market and channel selection-Product launching - Monitoring and Evaluation of Business- Effective Management of Small business.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Karal, T.Ulrich Steven, D.Eppinger, "Product Design and Development", McGraw- Hill International, editions, 2003.
- 2. S.Rosenthal, "Effective Product Design and Development", Irwin, 1992.
- 3. H.Koontz and H.Weihrich, "Essentials of management", McGraw Hill Publishing company, Singapore international edition, 1980.
- 4. J.J.Massie, "Essentials of Management" Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1985.
- 5. Hisrich, "Entrepreneurship" Tata Mc Grew Hill, New Delhi, 2001

NT9128 EXPERIMENTS FOR PRACTICAL –III – NANOMETROLOGY MICROSCOPY

L T P C 0 0 4 2

- 1. Determination of size and lateral dimensions of various samples (pollen grains, strands of hair) using a high magnification optical microscope.
- 2. Synthesis of SiO₂ polysphere film and morphology characterization using a Optical microscope.
- 3. Surface topography of a sputtered Au film using AFM; thickness across a step.
- 4. Surface topography of a freshly cleaved mica using AFM; step measurements
- 5. Surface topography of a polymer film on glass using AFM in the non-contact (tapping) mode; Phase imaging
- 6. Nanoindentation on a polycarbonate substrate using AFM; F-D curves and hardness determination.
- 7. Dip-pen lithography using AFM with molecular inks.
- 8. Surface topography of a sputtered Au film using STM; current and height imaging.
- 9. Surface topography of a freshly cleaved HOPG using STM; step measurements
- 10. Scanning Tunneling Spectroscopy (STS) on Multi walled Carbon Nanotubes deposited on HOPG.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

LITHOGRAPHY AND NANOFABRICATION NT9131

PATTERNING OF THIN FILMS

UNIT I 15 Introduction - Necessity for a clean room- different types of clean rooms-construction and maintenance of a clean room- Lithography -Optical lithography- Optical projection lithography- Multistage scanners resolution- Photomask- Binary mask- Phase shift mask -Attenuated phase shift masks - alternating phase shift masks - Off axis illumination-Optical proximity correction - Sub resolution assist feature enhancement-Optical immersion lithography- Optical interferometric lithography- Holographic lithography.

UNIT II MASKLESS OPTICAL LITHOGRAPHY

Maskless optical projection lithography - Zone plate array lithography-Extreme ultraviolet lithography.

UNIT III ELECTRON BEAM LITHOGRAPHY

Scanning electron-beam lithography- maskless EBL- parallel direct-write e-beam systems-electron beam projection lithography - Scattering with angular limitation projection e-beam lithography- Projection reduction exposure with variable axis immersion lenses.

UNIT IV X-RAY LITHOGRAPHY

Ion beam lithography- Focusing ion beam lithography - Ion projection lithography -Projection focused ion multi-beam - Masked ion beam lithography- Masked ion beam direct structuring- atom lithography.

NANOIMPRINT LITHOGRAPHY AND SOFT LITHOGRAPHY UNIT V Nanoimprint lithography (NIL)- NIL- hot embossing- UV-NIL- Soft Lithography-Moulding/Replica moulding: Printing with soft stamps- Edge lithography -Dip-Pen Lithography-set up and working principle. Etching techniques- Reactive Ion etching- RIE reactive ion etching- Magnetically enhanced RIE- IBE Ion beam etching- Other etching techniques.

REFERENCES

- 1. D. S. Dhaliwal et al., PREVAIL "Electron projection technology approach for next generation lithography", IBM Journal Res. & Dev. 45, 615 (2001).
- 2. M. Baker et al., "Lithographic pattern formation via metastable state rare gas atomic beams", Nanotechnology 15, 1356 (2004).
- 3. H. Schift et al., "Fabrication of polymer photonic crystals using nanoimprint lithography", Nanotechnology 16, 261, (2005).
- 4. R.D. Piner, "Dip-Pen" Nanolithography, Science 283, 661 (1999).

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

PROJECT PHASE

Thin Film Deposition

Operation of Electrochemical Workstation. Deposition of Polyaniline on ITO using Electrochemical Workstation. Electroplating Ag film: Topography by AFM; Electrical characteristics by two and four probe measurement.

Electroless deposition of Au on Si substrate.

Physical vapor deposition of Cr and Au on glass substrates; X-ray diffraction measurement; Quartz crystal thickness monitor for thickness monitoring.

Preparation of (111) oriented films of Au by physical vapor deposition on mica substrate; X-ray diffraction measurement; characterization by AFM.

Micro & Nanolithography

Clean room: Familiarizing with essential terms, tools and practices Cleaning procedure for Si wafer and observation of surface before and after cleaning with AFM.

Spin coating polymer resists, Thickness measurement using AFM.

Optolithography using PMMA resist.

Nanoscale gratings by Electron beam lithography using SEM.

Nanosphere lithography using silica nanospheres.

Microcontact printing using PDMS stamp

NT9151 TOP DOWN MANUFACTURING METHODS

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to micro fabrication and Moore's law – importance of lithographic techniquesdifferent types of lithographic techniques -Optical projection lithography- Photomask-Binary mask- Phase shift mask -Optical immersion lithography- Maskless optical projection lithography- Zone plate array lithography- Extreme ultraviolet lithography.

UNIT II E-BEAM AND ION BEAM LITHOGRAPHY

Principle and instrumentation - Scanning electron-beam lithography- Mask less (ML2) EBL-parallel direct-write e-beam systems-E-beam projection lithography - PREVAIL X-ray lithography - Focused ion beam lithography - Ion projection lithography - Masked ion beam direct structuring-Nanoimprint lithography and soft lithography- Nanoimprint lithography - Soft lithography- Dip-Pen lithography.

UNIT III ETCHING TECHNIQUES

Reactive ion etching- RIE reactive ion etching- Magnetically enhanced RIE- Ion beam etching - Wet etching of silicon - Isotropic etching - Anisotropic etching - Electrochemical etching - Vapor phase etching - Dry etching- Other etching techniques.

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UNIT IV BALL MILLING TECHNIQUE

Nanopowders produced using micro reactors; Nanocrystalline ceramics by mechanical activation; Formation of nanostructured polymers.

UNIT V MACHINING PROCESSES

Micromilling/microdrilling/microgrinding processes and the procedure for selecting proper machining parameters with given specifications- EDM micro machining, laser micro/nanomachining- models to simulate micro/nanomachining processes using molecular dynamics techniques -Wet chemical etching - Dry etching - Thin film and sacrificial processes.

REFERENCES

- 1. M. J. Jackson, "Micro fabrication and Nanomanufacturing", CRC Press, 2005.
- 2. P.Rai-Choudhury, "Handbook of Micro lithography, Micro machining, and Micro fabrication", Vol. 2, SPIE Press, 1997.
- 3. M. Madou, "Fundamentals of Microfabrication," CRC Press, 1997.
- 4. G.Timp, "Nanotechnology", AIP press, Springer-Verlag, New York, 1999.

NT9152 BOTTOM UP SYNTHESIS OF NANOSTRUCTURES

UNIT I THIN FILM TECHNOLOGIES – I

CVD Chemical vapor deposition –Atmospheric pressure CVD(APCVD) – Low pressure CVD (LPCVD) - Plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition (PECVD) or - The HiPCO method - Photo-enhanced chemical vapor deposition (PHCVD)- LCVD Laser–Induced CVD.

UNIT II THIN FILM TECHNOLOGIES – II

Physical vapor deposition- Sputter technologies- Diode sputtering - Magnetron sputtering - Ion beam (sputter) deposition, ion implantation and ion assisted deposition - Cathodic arc deposition - Pulsed laser deposition.

UNIT III EPITAXIAL FILM DEPOSITION METHODS

Epitaxy, Different kinds of epitaxy- Influence of substrate and substrate orientation, mismatch, MOCVD Metal Organic Chemical Vapor Deposition - CCVD Combustion Chemical Vapor Deposition - ALD Atomic Layer Deposition -LPE Liquid phase epitaxy - MBE Molecular Beam Epitaxy.

UNIT IV CHEMICAL METHODS

Sol-gel synthesis –different types of coatings -Spin coating- Self assembly- (Periodic) starting points for self-assembly- Directed self-assembly using conventional lithography-Template self-assembly-Vapor liquid solid growth- Langmuir-Blodgett films – DNA self assembly.

UNIT V PRINTING TECHNOLOGIES

Screen printing- Inkjet printing- Gravure printing and Flexographic printing- Flex graphic printing- Gravure printing- Roll-to-Roll techniques.

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. G. Cao, "Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications" Imperial College Press, 2004.
- 2. W.T.S. Huck, "Nanoscale Assembly: Chemical Techniques (Nanostructure Science and Technology)",
- 3. "Handbook of Nanoscience, Engineering and Technology", Kluwer publishers, 2002.

NT9153 NANOELECTRONICS AND SENSORS

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UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR NANODEVICES

Single-Electron Devices; Nano scale MOSFET – Resonant Tunneling Transistor – Single Electron Transistors; Single-Electron Dynamics; Nanorobotics and Nanomanipulation; Mechanical Molecular Nanodevices; Nanocomputers: Theoretical Models; Optical Fibers for Nanodevices; Photochemical Molecular Devices; DNA-Based Nanodevices; Gas-Based Nanodevices; Micro and Nanomechanics.

UNIT II ELECTRONIC AND PHOTONIC MOLECULAR MATERIALS

Preparation –Electroluminescent Organic materials - Laser Diodes - Quantum well lasers:- Quantum cascade lasers- Cascade surface-emitting photonic crystal laser-Quantum dot lasers- Quantum wire lasers:- White LEDs - LEDs based on nanowires - LEDs based on nanotubes- LEDs based on nanorods High Efficiency Materials for OLEDs- High Efficiency Materials for OLEDs - Quantum well infrared photo detectors.

UNIT III THERMAL SENSORS

Thermal energy sensors -temperature sensors, heat sensors- Electromagnetic sensorselectrical resistance sensors, electrical current sensors, electrical voltage sensors, electrical power sensors, magnetism sensors - Mechanical sensors -pressure sensors, gas and liquid flow sensors, position sensors - Chemical sensors - Optical and radiation sensors.

UNIT IV GAS SENSOR MATERIALS

Criteria for the choice of materials, Experimental aspects – materials, properties, measurement of gas sensing property, sensitivity; Discussion of sensors for various gases, Gas sensors based on semiconductor devices.

UNIT V BIOSENSORS

Principles- DNA based biosensors – Protein based biosensors – materials for biosensor applications- fabrication of biosensors—future potential.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. W. Ranier, "Nano Electronics and Information Technology", Wiley, (2003).
- 2. K.E. Drexler, "Nano systems", Wiley, (1992).
- 3. M.C. Pettey, "Introduction to Molecular Electronics".

NT9154 SEMICONDUCTOR NANOSTRUCTURES & NANO-PARTICLES LTPC 3003

UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR FUNDAMENTALS

Introduction to Semiconductor physics – Fabrication techniques – Semiconductor nanostructures – Electronic structure and physical process – Principles of semiconductor nanostructures based electronic and electro-optical devices - Semiconductor Quantum Dots – Quantum Lasers – Quantum Cascade Lasers – Quantum Dot Optical Memory.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTOR NANOPARTICLE SSYNTHESIS

Cluster compounds, guantum-dots from MBE and CVD, wet chemical methods, reverse micelles, electro-deposition, pyrolytic synthesis, self-assembly strategies.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES UNIT III

Melting point, solid-state phase transformations, excitons, band-gap variations-guantum confinement, effect of strain on band-gap in epitaxial quantum dots, single particle conductance.

UNIT IV **SEMICONDUCTOR NANOPARTICLES – APPLICATIONS**

Optical luminescence and fluorescence from direct band gap semiconductor nanoparticles, surface-trap passivation in core-shell nanoparticles, carrier injection, polymer-nanoparticle, LED and solar cells, electroluminescence, barriers to nanoparticle lasers, doping nanoparticles, Mn-Zn-Se phosphors, light emission from indirect semiconductors, light emission form Si nanodots.

UNIT V SEMICONDUCTOR NANOWIRES

Fabrication strategies, quantum conductance effects in semiconductor nanowires. porous Silicon, nanobelts, nanoribbons, nanosprings.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Encyclopedia of Nanotechnology- Hari Singh Nalwa
- 2. Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology Bharat Bhusan
- 3. Handbook of Semiconductor Nanostructures and Nanodevices Vol 1-5- A. A. Balandin. K. L. Wang.
- 4. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials Synthesis, Properties and Applications Cao, Guozhong

NANOTECHNOLOGY FOR ENERGY SYSTEMS LTPC NT9155 3003

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Nanotechnology for sustainable energy-Materials for light emitting diodes-batteriesadvanced turbines-catalytic reactors-capacitors-fuel cells.

UNIT II RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGY

Energy challenges, development and implementation of renewable energy technologies nanotechnology enabled renewable energy technologies - Energy transport, conversion and storage, Nano, micro and meso scale phenomena and devices.

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UNIT III MICRO FUEL CELL TECHNOLOGY

Micro-fuel cell technologies, integration and performance for micro-fuel cell systems thin film and microfabrication methods - design methodologies - micro-fuel cell power sources,

UNIT IV MICROFLUIDIC SYSTEMS

Nano-electromechanical systems and novel microfluidic devices - nano engines - driving mechanisms - power generation - microchannel battery - micro heat engine (MHE) fabrication - thermocapillary forces - Thermocapillary pumping (TCP) - piezoelectric membrane.

UNIT V HYDROGEN STORAGE METHODS

Hydrogen storage methods - metal hydrides - size effects - hydrogen storage capacity - hydrogen reaction kinetics - carbon-free cycle- gravimetric and volumetric storage capacities - hydriding/dehydriding kinetics - high enthalpy of formation - and thermal management during the hydriding reaction - distinctive chemical and physical properties - multiple catalytic effects - degradation of the sorption properties - hydride storage materials for automotive applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. J. Twidell and T. Weir, Renewable Energy Resources, E & F N Spon Ltd, London, 1986.
- 2. Hydrogen from Renewable Energy Sources by D. Infield,
- 3. Fuel Storage on Board Hydrogen Storage in Carbon Nanostructures by R.A. Shatwell,
- 4. Fuel cell technology handbook. Hoogers. CRC Press, 2003.
- 5. Handbook of fuel cells: Fuel cell technology and applications by Vielstich. Wiley, CRC Press, 2003.

NT9156 MOLECULAR ELECTRONICS L T P C

UNIT I

Controlling surfaces and interfaces of semi-conductor sensing organic molecules- types of molecule-manipulation experiments-measurements in molecular electronics-soft and hard electronics- Electronic structure of absorbed organic molecule.

UNIT II

Organic semiconductor for new electronic device- photo voltaic cells Schotkey diodes FET^s digital processing and communication with molecular switches.

UNIT III

Molecular Electronics overview- Rectifiers- Molecular wires – Molecular switches – Data storage-photo switches-molecular magnets.

UNIT IV

Molecular Engineering of doped polymer for optoelectronics- Fabrication for Molecular Electronics organic FET^{s-} Organic thin film transistors.

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UNIT V

Bio Electronics – Molecular and Biocomputing – prototypes for Molecular Functional limits and Actuators – Molecular assembly – characterization of hybrid nanomaterials - Biomolecular optoelectronic device.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Introducing Molecular Electronics, G. Cumbertl & G. Fagas , Springer, 2005.
- 2. Nano and Molecular Electronics Handbook, S.C. Levshevski, CRC Press, 2007.
- 3. Nanoelectronics & Nanosystems: From Transistor to Molecular & Quantum Devices: Karl Goser, Jan Dienstuhl and others.

NT9161 NANOPARTICLES AND MICROORGANISMS BIONANOCOMPOSITES

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UNIT I MICROORGANISMS FOR SYNTHESIS OF NANOMATERIALS 8

Natural and artificial synthesis of nanoparticles in microorganisms; Use of microorganisms for nanostructure formation, Testing of environmental toxic effect of nanoparticles using microorganisms;

UNIT II NANOCOMPOSITE BIOMATERIALS

Natural nanocomposite systems as spider silk, bones, shells; organic-inorganic nanocomposite formation through self-assembly. Biomimetic synthesis of nanocomposite material; Use of synthetic nanocomposites for bone, teeth replacement.

UNIT III NANOBIO SYSTEMS

Nanoparticle-biomaterial hybrid systems for bioelectronic devices, Bioelectronic systems based on nanoparticle-enzyme hybrids; nanoparticle based bioelectronic biorecognition events. Biomaterial based metallic nanowires, networks and circuitry. DNA as functional template for nanocircuitry; Protein based nanocircuitry; Neurons for network formation. DNA nanostructures for mechanics and computing and DNA based computation; DNA based nanomechanical devices. Biosensor and Biochips.

UNIT IV NANOPARTICLES AND NANODEVICES

Targeted, non-targeted delivery; controlled drug release; exploiting novel delivery routes using nanoparticles; gene therapy using nanoparticles; Nanostructures for use as antibiotics; Diseased tissue destruction using nanoparticles;

UNIT V TISSUE ENGINEERING

Major physiologic systems of current interest to biomedical engineers: cardiovascular, endocrine, nervous, visual, auditory, gastrointestinal, and respiratory. Useful definitions, The status of tissue engineering of specific organs, including bone marrow, skeletal muscle, and cartilage. Cell biological fundamentals of tissue engineering

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Bionanotechnology: Lessons from Nature by David S. Goodsell
- 2. Nanomedicine, Vol. IIA: Biocompatibility by Robert A. Freitas
- 3. Handbook of Nanostructured Biomaterials and Their Applications in Nanobiotechnology Hari Singh Nalwa
- 4. Nanobiotechnology; ed. C.M.Niemeyer, C.A. Mirkin.
- 5. Nanocomposite Science & Technology Ajayan, Schadler & Braun

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NT9162 OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF NANOMATERIALS, NANOPHOTONICS AND PLASMONICS

UNIT I METAL NANOPARTICLES

Metal Nanoparticles, Alloy Nanoparticles, Stabilization in Sol, Glass, and other media, Change of bandgap, Blueshift, Colour change in sol, glass, and composites, Plasmon Resonance.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTOR NANOPARTICLES – APPLICATIONS 10 Optical luminescence and fluorescence from direct, bandgap semiconductor nanoparticles, surface-trap passivation in core-shell nanoparticles, carrier injection, polymer-nanoparticle LED's and solar cells, electroluminescence; barriers to nanoparticle lasers; doping nanoparticles, Mn-ZnSe phosphors; light emission from indirect semiconductors, light emission from Si nanodots.

UNIT III PHYSICS OF LINEAR PHOTONIC CRYSTALS

Maxwell's Equations, Bloch's Theorem, Photonic Band Gap and Localized Defect States, Transmission Spectra, Nonlinear Optics in Linear Photonic Crystals, Guided Modes in Photonic Crystals Slab

UNIT IV PHYSICS OF NONLINEAR PHOTONIC CRYSTALS

1-D Quasi Phase Matching, Nonlinear Photonic Crystal Analysis, Applications of Nonlinear Photonic Crystals Devices, Materials: LiNbO3, Chalcogenide Glasses, etc, Wavelength Converters, etc

UNIT V **ELEMENTS OF PLASMONICS**

Introduction: Plasmonics, merging photonics and electronics at nanoscale dimensions, single photon transistor using surface plasmon, nanowire surface plasmons-interaction with matter, single emitter as saturable mirror, photon correlation, and integrated systems. All optical modulation by plasmonic excitation of quantum dots, Channel plasmon-polariton guiding by subwavelength metal grooves. Near-field photonics: surface plasmon polaritons and localized surface plasmons. Slow guided surface plasmons at telecom frequencies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology by Bharat Bhushan
- 2. Encyclopedia of Nanotechnology- Hari Singh Nalwa.
- 3. The Handbook of Photonics By Mool Chand Gupta, John Ballato
- 4. Nanotechnology for Microelectronics and Optoelectronics J. M. Martinez-Duart, Raúl J. Martín-Palma, Fernando Agullo-Rueda
- 5. Nanoplasmonics, From fundamentals to Applications vol 1 & 2- S. Kawata & H. Masuhara

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NT9163 MEMS AND BIO MEMS

UNIT I MEMS MICROFABRICATION

Fabrication – design and application scaling issues – scaling fluidic biological systems – influence of scaling on material properties.

UNIT II MEMS MASK LAYOUT

Physics of mems-scaling laws heat transfer - mechanics and electrostatistics – batch fabrication – circuit integration.

UNIT III BIO MEMS

Engineering micro fluids-bio mems for genomics and post genomicsmicrofluids for bio-diagnosis lead discovery platforms.

UNIT IV MATERIALS FOR MEMS

Materials for mems and pro mems-silicon-metals and polymers.

UNIT V COMMERCIAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL TRENDS

Commercial trends in miniaturization – High density chip analysis- lab-in-chip for DNA and protein analysis – Nono HPLC system.

REFERENCES

- 1. Marc Madou, Fundamentals of Microfabrication, CRC Press 1997.
- 2. Julian W. Gardner, Microsensors: Principles and Applications, Wiley 1994.
- 3. Gregory Kovacs, Micromachined Transducers Sourcebook, McGraw-Hill 1998.
- 4. Héctor J. De Los Santos, Introduction to Microelectromechanical (MEM) Microwave Systems, Artech House 1999.
- 5. Sergey Edward Lyshevski, Nano- and Microelectromechanical Systems, CRC Press 2000.
- 6. Vijay Varadan, Xiaoning Jiang, and Vasundara Varadan, Microstereolithography *and* other Fabrication Techniques for 3D MEMS, Wiley 2001.
- 7. Tai-Ran Hsu, MEMS and Microsystems: Design and Manufacture, McGraw-Hill 2001.
- 8. Remco J. Wiegerink, Miko Elwenspoek, Mechanical Microsensors (Microtechnology and MEMS), Springer Verlag 2001.

NT9164 ADVANCED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS L T P C 3 0 0 3

UNIT I

Dendrimers- Synthesis -Nanoscale containers- Gene transfection – Nanoscafold systems- Biocompatibility of Dendromers

UNIT II

Microfabricated drug delivery systems – Microneedles- Micropumps-Microvalves-Implantable microchips – sustained chronic disease.

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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UNIT III

Properties of drug targeting delivery systems-ADME hypothesis- site specific drugs-Synthetic carrier for drugs-liposomes-Antidodies.

UNIT IV

Targeted Nano particles for drug delivery-Polymers nanotubes- Issues for specific disease will be addressed.

UNIT V

Virus Based Nanoparticles - Modification by bioconjugation – Tumour targetting invivo – use in biomedical Imaging.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

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REFERENCES

- 1. Drug Delivery: Engineering Principles for Drug Therapy, M. Salzman, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 2. Drug Delivery and Targeting, A.M. Hillery, CRC Press, 2002.
- 3. Drug Delivery: Principles and Applications, B. Wang, Wiley Intersceince, 2005.

NT9165 BIO MOLECULAR MACHINES

UNIT I

Characterization of molecular machine - energy supply - chemical fuels- molecular shuttle-electrochemical energy - molecular machines powered by light energy: molecular switching-chemical switching and electrochemical switching.

UNIT II

Biomolecular machines:Transcription, translation and replication processes at single molecule level – initiation and force control of biological processes- force generation and real-time dynamics – active transport by biological motors – mechanism, dynamics and energetic of kinesin, myosin, dyneins and ATP synthase.

UNIT III

Self assembled-nanoreactors - molecular nanoreactors-covalent system-nano covalent system-macro molecular nanoreactions micelles and polymers-biomacro molecular nanoreactions-Protein cages-viruses- rod shaped and cage structured.

UNIT IV

Memories Logic Gates–Multistate–Mukltifunctional Systems systems.

UNIT V

Fabrication and patterning of nanoscale device.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- Molecular Devices and Machines: A Journey into the Nanoworld, V. Balazani, Wiley VCH, 2003.
- 2. Molecular Motors, M. Schilva, Wiley, VCH. 2005.

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BIOSENSORS

UNIT I

Protein based biosensors - nano structure for enzyme stabilization - single enzyme nano particles - nano tubes microporus silica - protein based nano crystalline Diamond thin film for processing.

UNIT II

DNA based biosensor- heavy metal complexing with DNA and its determination water and food samples - DNA zymo Biosensors.

UNIT III

Detection in Biosensors - fluorescence - absorption - electrochemical. Integration of various Techniques - Fibre optic Biosensors.

UNIT IV

Fabrication of biosensors- techniques used for microfabrication -microfabrication of electrodes-on chip analysis.

UNIT V

Future direction in biosensor research- designed protein pores-as components of Moleculardesign-Bionanotechnology for biosensingbiosensorscellular Biosensors for drug discovery – Nanoscale biosensors.

REFERENCES

- 1. Biosensors: A Practical Approach, J. Cooper & C. Tass, Oxford University Press, 2004.
- 2. Nanomaterials for Biosensors, Cs. Kumar, Wiley VCH, 2007.

BIOPHOTONICS

3. Smart Biosensor Technology, G.K. Knoff, A.S. Bassi, CRC Press, 2006.

NT9167

UNIT I

Interaction of light with cells, tissues, non-linear optical processes with intense laser beams, photo-induced effects in biological systems.

UNIT II

Imaging techniques: Light microscopy, wide-field, laser scanning, confocal, multiphoton, fluorescence lifetime imaging, FRET imaging, Frequency-Domain lifetime imaging. Cellular Imaging, Imaging of soft and hard tissues and other biological structures.

UNIT III

Single molecule spectroscopy: UV-VIS spectroscopy of biological systems, single molecule spectra and characteristics - IR and Raman spectroscopy and Surface Enhanced Raman Spectroscopy for single molecule applications.

UNIT IV

Optical Force Spectroscopy: Generation optical forces - Optical trapping and manipulation of single molecules and cells in optical confinement - Laser trapping and dissection for biological systems - single molecule biophysics, DNA protein interactions.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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UNIT V

Biosensors, fluorescence immuoassay, flow cytometry, Fluorescence correlation spectroscopy, Fluorophores as cellular and molecular tags

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Laser Tweezers in Cell Biology in Methods in Cell Biology, Vol.55, Michael P. Sheetz (Ed.), Academic Press.
- 2. P.N. Prasad, Introduction to Biophotonics, John-Wiley, 2003.
- 3. G. Marriot & I. Parker, Methods in Enzymology, Vol.360,2003.
- 4. G. Marriot & I. Parker, Methods in Enzymology, Vol.361,2003.

| NT9168 | NANOCOMPOSITIES | LTPC |
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UNIT I NANO CERAMICS

Metal-Oxide or Metal-Ceramic composites, Different aspects of their preparation techniques and their final properties and functionality.

UNIT II METAL BASED NANOCOMPOSITES

Metal-metal nanocomposites, some simple preparation techniques and their new electrical and magnetic properties.

DESIGN OF SUPER HARD MATERIALS UNIT III

Super hard nanocomposites, its designing and improvements of mechanical properties.

UNIT IV NEW KIND OF NANOCOMPOSITES

Fractal based glass-metal nanocomposites, its designing and fractal dimension analysis. Electrical property of fractal based nanocomposites. Core-Shell structured nanocomposites.

UNIT V POLYMER BASED NANOCOMPOSITES

Preparation and characterization of diblock Copolymer based nanocomposites; Polymercarbon nanotubes based composites, their mechanical properties, and industrial possibilities.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Nanocomposites Science and Technology P. M. Ajayan, L.S. Schadler, P. V. Braun
- 2. Physical Properties of Carbon Nanotubes- R. Saito
- 3. Carbon Nanotubes (Carbon, Vol 33) M. Endo, S. lijima, M.S. Dresselhaus
- 4. The search for novel, superhard materials- Stan Veprjek (Review Article) JVST A, 1999
- 5. Electromagnetic and magnetic properties of multi component metal oxides, hetero
- 6. Nanometer versus micrometer-sized particles-Christian Brosseau. Jamal Ben, Youssef, Philippe Talbot, Anne-Marie Konn, (Review Article) J. Appl. Phys, Vol 93, 2003
- 7. Diblock Copolymer, Aviram (Review Article), Nature, 2002

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